

PATIENT ID

Case Report Form for ERAS+ sites

Version Control

Version	Date	Changes	
2.0	06/03/19	Changes made to dataset. Some question numbers may have changed. New or modified questions	
		highlighted. Question on smoking cessation removed (formerly Q2.31).	

Enclosed are the questions for clinicians or researchers to complete for each patient participating in this study. Question numbers may not increment sequentially as some questions may not be applicable to your hospital. You may modify this cover page to include your hospital logo and contact details. We have provided a Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) document to assist in the correct completion of this form. Please ensure that the answers are transferred to the online web-tool as soon as possible and store the booklet in the secure PQIP file at your hospital.



Item	Question	Response
Patient der	mographics	
1.1	Patient ID number (local):	
1.2	Surname:	
1.3	First name:	
1.4	Date of birth:	/(DD/MM/YYY)
1.5	Gender:	☐ Male
		☐ Female
Address de	etails	
1.6	Post code:	
1.7	Usual residence:	Own home
		Care home
Surgical ac	Imission	
1.8	Date of hospital admission:	/(DD/MM/YYY)
1.9	Date of surgery:	/(DD/MM/YYY)
ID numbers	3	
1.11-1.12	NHS / CHI number:	(10 digits)
1.13	Height:	(cm)
1.14	Weight:	(kg)
Patient follo	ow-up	
1.20	Patient's preferred method	E-mail:
	of contact:	
		Telephone:
	This should be indicated on the	
	completed consent form.	☐ No preference – provide both
1.20	Would patient like to	Yes
	receive e-mail updates from the PQIP study team?	□No
	Thom the Fall Stody reality	
1.21	Enrolment in other studies:	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not known
		☐ ERAS+ ☐ Scottish Head & Neck ☐ PRISM
		□ ERAS+ □ Scottish Head & Neck □ PRISM □ OPTIMISE II □ BALANCED □ Prevention-HARP2
		GSK Oesophagectomy study PREPARE-ABC
		Other:





Item	Question	Response		
Pre-operative data				
2.1	Surgical specialty:	Abdominal – Hepatobiliary		
		Abdominal – Lower Gl		
		Abdominal – Other		
		Abdominal – Upper GI		
		☐ Burns & Plastics		
		Gynaecology		
		Head & Neck		
		☐ Orthopaedics		
		Spinal		
		☐ Thoracics		
		Urology		
		☐ Vascular		
2.2a	Planned operation:			
	Check eligibility with Procedure			
	List on PQIP web site.			
2.2b	Planned mode of	Open		
	procedure:			
	Sala at all that apply	Robotic		
	Select all that apply.	Thoracoscopic		
2.2c	Is this surgery part of a	No No		
	multistage procedure?	☐Yes		
		If yes, what was the date of the final stage?		
		/(DD/MM/YYY)		
2.3	Urgency of surgery:	☐ Elective		
		☐ Expedited		
		Urgent		
		☐ Immediate		
2.4	Cancer surgery:	□Yes		
		□No		
2.5	Enhanced recovery	□Yes		
	pathway:	□No		
		□ Not known		



Item	Question	Response
2.6	Pre-operative assessment (before hospital admission):	None Electronic self-assessment Telephone assessment with nurse Telephone assessment with doctor Face to face: nurse-led Face to face: surgeon-led Face to face: anaesthetist-led Other:
2.7	Sodium:	(mmol/L) Not measured
2.8	Potassium	(mmol/L) Not measured
2.9	Urea:	(mmol/L) Not measured
2.10	Creatinine:	(µmol/L) Not measured
2.11+	Troponin:	(ng/L) Not measured
2.12	Albumin:	(g/L) Not measured
2.13	White cell count:	(x10°/L) Not measured
2.14	Haemoglobin:	(g/dL) Not measured
2.15	Pulse rate:	(bpm)
2.16	Systolic BP:	(mmHg)
2.17	Glasgow Coma Scale: See SOP for details.	(total, out of 15)
2.18	Oxygen saturation:	(%)
2.19	Option which best describes the ECG findings:	 No abnormalities AF rate 60-90 AF rate >90/any other abnormal rhythm/paced rhythm/ >5VE/min/ Q, ST or T wave abnormalities Not done
2.20	Option which best describes the cardiac history/findings:	 No failure □ Diuretic, digoxin, antianginal or antihypertensive □ Peripheral oedema, warfarin therapy or borderline cardiomegaly □ Raised jugular venous pressure or cardiomegaly
2.21	NYHA heart failure classification: See SOP for details.	
		<u> </u>



consolidation 2.23 Respiratory infection in the last month: 2.24 Cerebrovascular disease: No Yes – no hemiplegia Yes – with hemiplegia Yes – solid tumour; local only Yes – solid tumour; metastatic disease (including lymph node) Yes – Leukaemia 2.26 Dementia: Yes – Solid tumour; metastatic disease (including lymph node) Yes – Leukaemia 2.27 Diabetes: No Type 1 Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Yes – cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension If yes, please specify: 2.29 Liver disease type: Hep B	Item	Question	Response
Last month:	2.22	describes the respiratory	 □ Dyspnoea on exertion or CXR: mild COPD □ Dyspnoea limiting exertion to <1 flight or CXR: moderate COPD □ Dyspnoea at rest/rate > 30 at rest or CXR: fibrosis or
Yes - no hemiplegia Yes - with hemiplegia Yes - solid tumour; local only Yes - solid tumour; metastatic disease (including lymph node) Yes - Lymphoma Yes - Leukaemia Yes - Leukaemia Yes No Type 1 Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Yes - Conversion calculator on PQIP web site Yes - Cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension Yes - Cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITH portal hype	2.23	1	
or in remission for <5 years: Yes - solid tumour; local only Yes - solid tumour; metastatic disease (including lymph node) Yes - Lymphoma Yes - Leukaemia Yes No Type 1 Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 3 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 4 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 5 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 6 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 7 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 8 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 9 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 9 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 1 Type 1 Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 3 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 4 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 5 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 6 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 7 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 8 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) Type 9 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication)	2.24	Cerebrovascular disease:	Yes – no hemiplegia
2.27 Diabetes: No Type 1 Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) 2.28 HbA1c: (%) No Conversion calculator on PQIP web site 2.29 Liver disease No Yes - cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension Yes - cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITH portal hypertension If yes, please specify: 2.29a Liver disease type:	2.25		Yes - solid tumour; local only Yes - solid tumour; metastatic disease (including lymph node) Yes - Lymphoma
Type 1 Type 2 (on insulin) Type 2 (Diet controlled only) Type 2 (Non-insulin glucose lowering medication) 2.28 HbA1c: (%) Not measured Conversion calculator on PQIP web site 2.29 Liver disease No Yes - cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension Yes - cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITH portal hypertension If yes, please specify: 2.29 Liver disease type:	2.26	Dementia:	
Conversion calculator on PQIP web site 2.29 Liver disease	2.27	Diabetes:	☐ Type 1 ☐ Type 2 (on insulin) ☐ Type 2 (Diet controlled only)
Yes – cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension Yes – cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITH portal hypertension If yes, please specify: Hep B Liver disease type:	2.28	HbA1c:	(%) Not measured Conversion calculator on PQIP web site.
2.29a Liver disease type: Hep B	2.29	Liver disease	Yes – cirrhosis or Hep B/C WITHOUT portal hypertension
	If yes, please specify:		
☐ Alcohol-related ☐ Non-alcoholic steatosis	2.29a	Liver disease type:	☐ Hep C ☐ Alcohol-related
2.29b Child-Pugh Grade: A B C Don't know	2.29b	Child-Pugh Grade:	A B C Don't know



Item	Question	Response
2.30	ASA grade:	□ 1
		□2
		3
	See SOP for details.	<u>5</u>
2.31	Was preoperative CPET performed?	□ No □ Yes
If yes:		
2.31a	VO ₂ Peak Indexed:	(ml/kg/min)
2.31b	Anaerobic Threshold (AT) Indexed:	(ml/kg/min)
2.31c	VE/VCO ₂ at AT:	
2.31d	Max work rate:	(Watt)
2.31e	Max heart rate:	(bpm)
2.31f	Max oxygen pulse:	(ml/beat)
2.31g	FEV ₁ /FVC:	(%)
2.32	Smoking history:	☐ Never smoked
		☐ Ex-smoker > 6 months
		☐ Ex-smoker <6 months
		Current smoker
		Unknown
2.33	Current alcohol consumption:	□ No alcohol
	Consomption.	0-2 AU/day 3-4 AU/day
		>5 AU/day
		□ Not known
2.34	Documented assessment	Yes – Qualitative (e.g. low / medium / high)
	of perioperative risk:	Yes – Quantitative (e.g. percentage risk of death /
		complications)
		Both
		□ No
2.35	Planned postoperative destination:	☐ Ward care
	GGSIII IGIIOH.	Level 1 care
		Level 2 care Level 3 care
		□ revera care



Item	Question	Response
Surgical ac	dmission	
2.36	Received bowel preparation:	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
2.37	Preoperative carbohydrates given on day of surgery:	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not known
Chest phys	io instruction	
2.38+	Patient received specific instruction on chest training and exercise +/-incentive spirometer prior to surgery:	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not known If yes, by whom? ☐ Physio ☐ Doctor ☐ Nurse ☐ Surgery school
Surgery scl	nool	
2.39+	Attended surgery school:	None ☐ Group ☐ One to one by ERAS+ nurse☐ Video/on-line resource
App downl	oaded for surgery	
2.40+	Patient downloaded an app onto an electronic device to help preparation for surgery:	 Yes – ERAS+ app Yes – another app Yes – both ERAS+ app and another app No – but I have a tablet/smartphone device No – and I do not have a device
Type of ac	tivity	
2.41+	Activity undertaken before surgery:	None Walking regularly Swimming regularly Dancing regularly Gardening Used step counter to measure steps Exercise bicycle at home Other Gym equipment at home Gym based council programme Gym private Hospital supervised programme Other:



Item	Question	Response
Anaemia tr	reatment	
2.43	Anaemia treatment in the last 3 months prior to surgery:	 None Intravenous Iron Oral Iron EPO Blood transfusion B12 Folic acid
Frailty score	e	
2.44	Rockwood Clinical Frailty Score:	<pre></pre>
	See SOP for details.	□ Not done
Operative (data	
3.1	Grade of most senior surgeon physically present in the operating theatre for this procedure:	Consultant (post-CCT or CESR) Foundation year doctor Nurse specialist Physician Assistant / Associate SAS doctor Trainee or Trust grade CT1-2 or equivalent Trainee or Trust grade ST3-7 or equivalent Other:
3.2	Grade of most senior anaesthetist physically present in the operating theatre for this procedure:	☐ Consultant (post-CCT or CESR) ☐ Foundation year doctor ☐ Nurse specialist ☐ Physician Assistant / Associate ☐ SAS doctor ☐ Trainee or Trust grade CT1-2 or equivalent ☐ Trainee or Trust grade ST3-7 or equivalent ☐ Other:
3.3	Compliance with induction antibiotic protocol:	Yes (Within 60min of skin incision)



Item	Question	Response
3.4	Select which anaesthetic techniques were utilised:	General Spinal Epidural Combined spinal and epidural Regional block (incl. paravertebral and TAP blocks) Local anaesthetic infiltration Intravenous analgesia
	Select all that apply.	
3.4i	If GA:	☐ Inhalational – Desflurane ☐ Inhalational – Isoflurane ☐ Inhalational – Sevoflurane ☐ Inhalational – Other: ☐ Inhalational – Nitrous oxide ☐ IV Propofol infusion ☐ IV remifentanil infusion
3.5	Select intra-operative monitoring (in addition to standard AAGBI monitoring):	 ☐ Central venous catheter ☐ Arterial line ☐ Cardiac output monitor ☐ Depth of anaesthesia ☐ Temperature probe ☐ Peripheral nerve stimulator ☐ None ☐ Urinary catheter
3.5a+	Patient on mechanical ventilation during surgery:	☐ Yes - Average tidal volume: (ml) ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
3.6	Warming devices:	 No warming device IV fluid warmer Forced-air warming device Underbody resistive heating Missing data Other:
Operative	findings	
3.7	Including this procedure, number of operations the patient has had in the past 30 days:	□ 1 □ 2 □ >2



3.8 Actual procedure was same as planned procedure:	
procedure:	
II II I I I I I I I I	
3.9a-b Actual surgical specialty	
and operation:	
3.9c Actual mode of surgery: Open	
Laparoscopic / laparoscopically-assisted	
Robotic-assisted	
☐ Thoracoscopic	
3.10a Actual procedure (secondary):	
3.10b Sub-group:	
3.10c Description:	
3.11 Surgical incision:	
☐ Upper abdominal	
☐ Lower abdominal	
Other / Laparoscopic / Thoracoscopic	
3.12 Blood loss:	
□ 101-500ml	
501-1000ml	
□≥1001ml – please give actual amount:	/mall
	(ml)
3.13 Intra-abdominal / intra-	
thoracic findings:	
Serous fluid	
☐ Localised pus	
Free bowel content / pus / blood	
☐ Missing data	
3.14 Duration of surgery and <a> < 1 < 2 hours	
anaesthesia: 2-3 hours	
□>3 hours	
3.15 Received tranexamic acid Yes	
intraoperatively:	



Item	Question	Response	
Postoperati	ve destination		
3.16	Actual postoperative destination:	☐ Ward care ☐ Level 1 care ☐ Level 2 care ☐ Level 3 care	
3.17	If different from planned care destination, why?	 Not applicable – patient transferred to planned care destination No higher level care bed available No lower level care bed available Operation lower risk than expected Operation palliative (unexpected) Other / further information: 	
Postoperati	ve destination		
-	is transferred directly to a higher-leve the immediate three hours postoper	el care facility postoperatively then the "recovery period" should be atively.	
4.1	First core temperature on arrival from theatres ≥36°C:	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4.2	Abdominal drain present on arrival from theatres:	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4.3	Nasogastric tube present on arrival from theatres:	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4.4	Highest pain score during recovery stay:	None Mild Moderate Severe Unable to ascertain − Sedated Unable to ascertain − Other:	
Postoperative visit on day 2 or day 3			
Answer these questions with regard to the patient's status on post-operative day 1 (within 24 hours from completion of surgery). These assess achievement of the enhanced recovery objectives of the CHEERS-DREAM campaign.			
5.1	Maintenance IV fluids discontinued within 24hr of surgery ending:	☐ Yes ☐ No	



Item	Question	Response
5.2	Started drinking (free fluids) within 24hr of surgery ending:	☐ Yes ☐ No
5.3	Started eating (at least soft diet) within 24hr of surgery ending:	☐ Yes ☐ No If no, did patient receive supplementary nutrition within 24hr of surgery ending? ☐ Yes ☐ No
5.3i	What type of supplementary nutrition?	☐ Enteral ☐ Parenteral (TPN) ☐ Other
5.4	Mobilising from bed to chair with max assistance of one person within 24hr of surgery ending:	☐ Yes ☐ No
5.5+	Number of times patient used their Incentive Spirometer in first 24hr after surgery:	Not used☐ Once☐ Twice☐ >2
5.6+	Number of times patient brushed their teeth in first 24hr after surgery:	Not applicable – unable to useNoneOnceTwice
5.7 ⁺	Number of times patient used mouthwash in first 24hr after surgery:	Not applicable – unable to useNoneOnceTwice
5.8+	Highest level of respiratory support received in first 24hr after end of surgery:	None Nasal cannulae High flow Nasal Venturi mask High flow Face Mask CPAP Non-invasive ventilation Invasive ventilation Missing data If applicable, percentage FiO₂:



Item	Question	Response
Day 7 post	operatively	
6.1	Patient still in hospital:	☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, ansv	ver all of the following questio	ns. If no, proceed to answer Q6.14-6.18.
6.2	Current location:	□ Ward care□ Level 1 care□ Level 2 care□ Level 2/3 care
Post-Oper	ative Morbidity Survey	(See SOP for advice on completion)
6.3	Pulmonary	New requirement for O₂ therapyNew requirement for respiratory supportNone of the above
6.4	Infection	☐ Currently on IV antibiotics ☐ Temperature >38°C in past 24hr ☐ None of the above
6.5	Gastrointestinal	 ☐ Unable to tolerate enteral diet (oral / tube feed) ☐ Nausea, vomiting or abdominal distension in past 24hr ☐ None of the above
6.6	Renal	☐ Oliguria (<500ml/24hr) in past 24hr ☐ In past 24hr, serum creatinine >30% of pre-op level ☐ In past 24hr, urethral catheter in-situ (not present pre-op) ☐ None of the above
6.7	Cardiovascular	 ☐ Hypotension in past 24hr requiring >200ml fluid bolus / pharmacological therapy ☐ New myocardial infarction / ischaemia in past 24hr ☐ Thrombotic event requiring anticoagulation in past 24hr ☐ Arrhythmia in past 24hr ☐ Cardiogenic pulmonary oedema in past 24hr ☐ None of the above
6.8	Neurological	 New neurological deficit in past 24hr □ Delirium / confusion in past 24hr □ Sedative-induced coma in past 24hr □ Non-sedative associated coma in past 24hr □ None of the above



Item	Question	Response
6.9	Wound	 ☐ Wound dehiscence requiring surgical exploration in past 24hr ☐ Drainage of pus from operative wound, wound ooze or swab taken in past 24hr ☐ None of the above
6.10	Haematological	Red cell transfusion in past 24hr Fresh frozen plasma / cryoprecipitate / platelets in past 24hr None of the above
6.11	Surgical pain in past 24hr significant enough to require:	☐ Parenteral opioids ☐ Regional anaesthesia ☐ None of the above
6.12	In past 24hr patient has returned to baseline level of mobility:	☐ Yes ☐ No
6.13	Reason(s) why still requiring hospital admission:	 Medical / nursing care Mobility issue Awaiting social package to be set up Awaiting occupational therapy review Organisational failure (e.g. transport not booked) None of the above
6.14+	In last 7 days patient received antibiotic treatment for >24hr (excluding post-op prophylaxis):	None Yes If yes, what is the infection source? Not recorded Chest (incl. LRTI/pneumonia) Aspiration Aspiration Surgical site infection Urine Empirical – patient unwell with suspected infection, but source unclear Other
6.15⁺	Patient received unplanned respiratory support between 24hr and 7 days of the end of surgery:	□ None □ Mild □ Moderate □ Severe



Item	Question	Response
6.16+	Excluding regular preoperative medications, patient received additional pharmacological treatment for their breathing:	 None Nebulised bronchodilators Nebulised saline Mucolytic (e.g. carbocisteine) Diuretics Steroids Other:
6.17+	In the last 7 days, has patient had a troponin measured?	□ Not measured □ Measured - Troponin level: (ng/L) Corresponding creatinine value: (µmol/L) □ Creatinine not measured
6.18a	Was creatinine value recorded after surgery (up to 7 days post-operatively)? If yes, what is the highest	☐ Yes ☐ Patient has chronic renal failure with renal replacement therapy (RRT) ☐ Not recorded
	creatinine value recorded within 7 days after surgery?	(µmol/L)
6.18b	Required new renal replacement therapy (RRT) in last 7 days:	☐ No ☐ Yes (exclude patients on chronic RRT)
Death, disc	harge or withdrawal	
7.1	Discharge destination	 □ Own home □ Care home □ Died □ Withdrawn from study □ Rehabilitation facility □ Other hospital
7.1a-c	Date of discharge / death / withdrawal:	//(DD/MM/YYY)
7.1ai	On discharge from hospital, has patient been prescribed an opioid (including tramadol)?	☐ On opioids preoperatively and has been discharged with an opioid prescription ☐ On opioids preoperatively and has been discharged without an opioid prescription ☐ No opioid prescription (previously opioid naïve) ☐ New opioid prescription (previously opioid naïve)



Item	Question	Response		
Clavien-Dindo grade of complication				
7.2	Grade level of complications experienced by the patient: The treatments allowed for Grade I include: analgesic, antipyretic, antiemetic, and antidiarrheal drugs or drugs required for lower urinary tract infection. Grade II includes TPN, blood transfusion and any other drugs not included in Grade I. If the patient experienced multiple complications, please list each grade experienced.	□ None □ I – Any deviation from the normal postoperative course without the need for pharmacological treatment or surgical, endoscopic or radiological interventions. □ II – Requiring pharmacological treatment with drugs other than those allowed for Grade I complications. Blood transfusions and Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) also included. III – Requiring surgical, endoscopic or radiological intervention: □ IIIA – Intervention not under general anaesthesia. □ IIIB – Intervention under general anaesthesia. IV – Life threatening complications (including CNS complications) requiring critical care management: □ IVA – Single organ dysfunction (including dialysis). □ IVB – Multi-organ dysfunction. □ V – Death.		
If Grade II	or above:			
7.2a	Was patient treated for a suspected postoperative infection?	 None Surgical site infection Chest Urine / renal tract Neurological Empirical – patient unwell with suspected infection, but source unclear 		
7.2b	Other complications:	None Cardiovascular Respiratory Venous thromboembolism Gastrointestinal Stroke Delirium		

